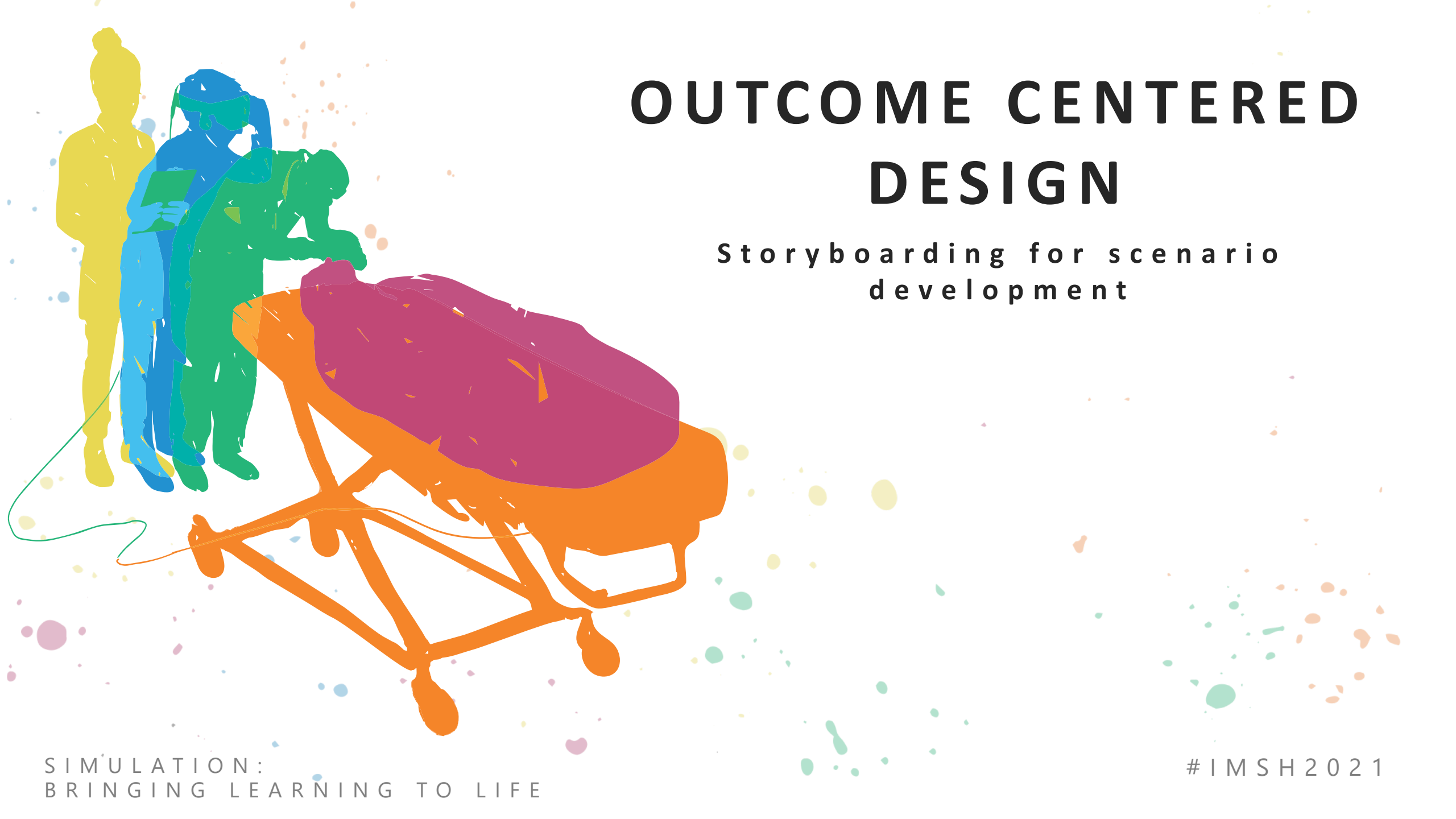


# OUTCOME CENTERED DESIGN

Storyboarding for scenario  
development



SIMULATION:  
BRINGING LEARNING TO LIFE

#IMSH2021

# WELCOME



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# No Disclosures

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# Objectives

1. Describe the three steps in Wiggins and McTighe's Backward Design Process
2. Describe how storyboarding can help simulationists create scenarios that achieve the learning objectives
3. Develop a storyboard for a clinical scenario that describes the important clinical, behavioral and operational aspects of each key stage in the scenario



# Backward Design Theory

- Introduced by Grant Wiggins and Jay McTighe

“Teaching is a means to an end. Having a clear goal helps us educators to focus our planning and guide purposeful action toward the intended results.”
- Can't start planning the how until you know the what
- Select learning outcomes and goals first, then plan how to meet them

Wiggins, G., & McTighe, J. (1998). *Understanding by design*. Alexandria, VA: Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development.

# Backward Design



- What activity best fits the outcomes?
- Does it provide opportunities to demonstrate outcomes?

- How will learners demonstrate results?
- What type of assessment will you use?
- What level of proof will you accept?

- What will learners gain by the end?
- What are the goals of the curriculum?
- What are the big picture items?

# Goals

- Questions to answer:
  - What is the purpose of the course?
  - Why would someone want to attend?
- Examples:
  - Participants will develop the necessary technical and non-technical skills to serve as a member of the code team.
  - Participants will learn how to manage acute perioperative events of various etiologies utilizing the resource management framework.

# Learning Outcomes

- Three Components

- Action Component

- What do I want learners to be able to do as a result of this activity?

- Subject Component

- What do I want learners to learn as a result of this activity?

- Measurement Component

- How will learner measure his/her success in the activity?

Society for Simulation in Healthcare. *Writing Effective Learning Objectives.*

[http://www.ssih.org/Portals/48/IMSH%202016/Abstracts/Resource\\_LearningObjectives.pdf](http://www.ssih.org/Portals/48/IMSH%202016/Abstracts/Resource_LearningObjectives.pdf)

# Goals and Learning Outcomes

Goals	Learning Outcomes
Broad, generalized statements about what is to be learned	Narrow, specific statements about what is to be learned
General intentions	Precise intentions
Intangible	Tangible
Abstract	Concrete
Written before objectives	Prepared before instruction is designed

Adapted from Northern Illinois University, Faculty Development and Instructional Design Center

# Example Learning Outcome

Action

Subject

Measurement

**Insert an IJ central line on a manikin task trainer in 30 minutes or less**



# Write Your Own

## Know how to use the defibrillator

# Write Your Own

~~Know how to use the defibrillator~~

Demonstrate proper use of the defibrillator during a code



# Write Your Own

Use crisis resource management principles

# Write Your Own

~~Use crisis resource management~~

Demonstrate key crisis resource management skills during a simulated  
code

# Setting the Stage



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# Questions to Ask Yourself

- Who?
  - Name
  - Age
  - Sex
  - Basic medical history
- What?
  - What happened to them? (or is about to happen)
- Where?
  - Clinical setting
- When?
  - Time of day

# Write Your Own

**Name:** Mark Smith

**Age:** 68-year-old male

**Allergies:** Sulfa (rash)

**Past medical history:** high blood pressure, former smoker, 1-2 drinks/day

Mr. Smith is a visitor to his sister's room in the hospital after her gallbladder removal. While waiting for her to return from radiology, he develops chest pain and difficulty breathing.

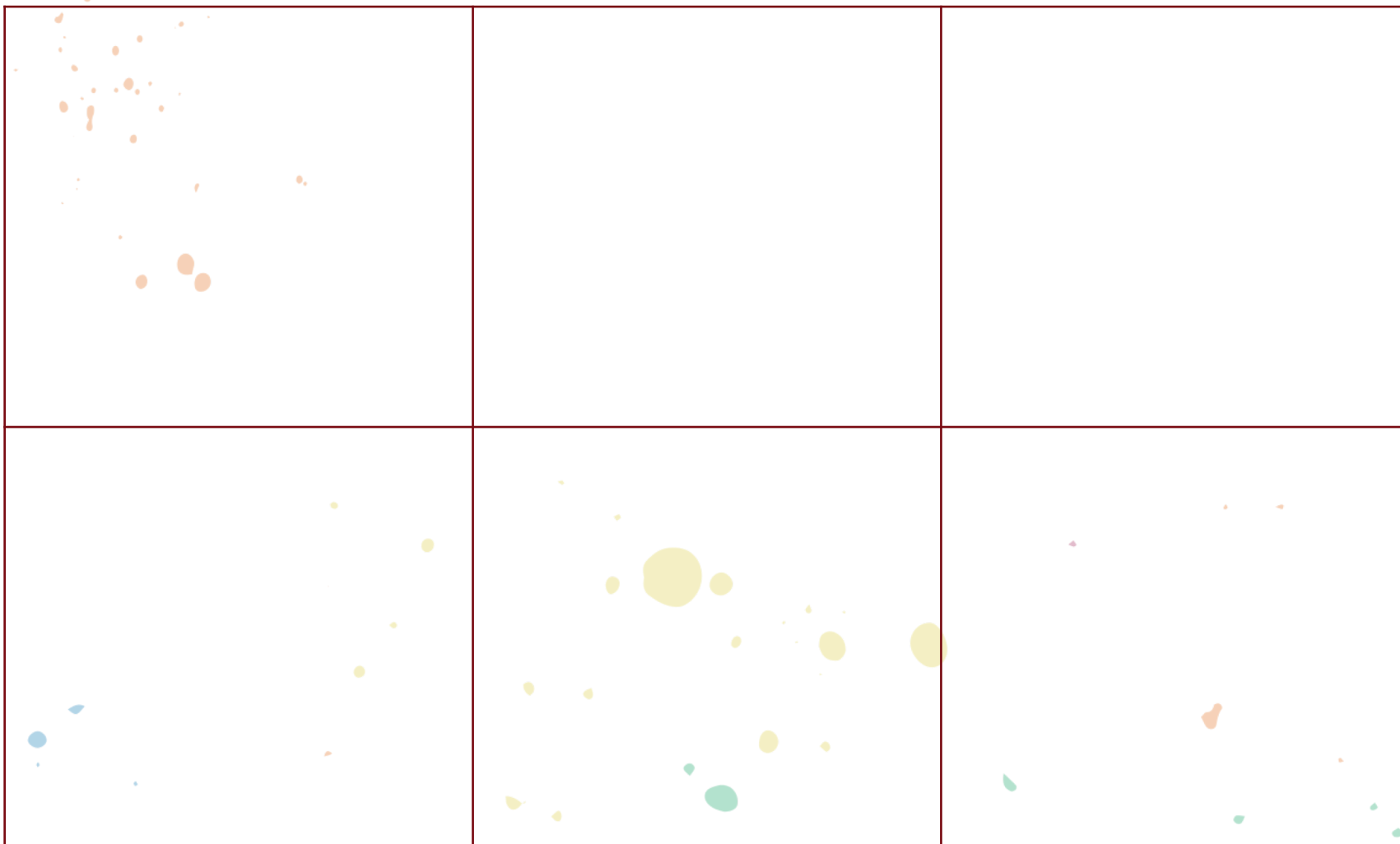
# Storyboarding

- Sketch out the key components of the scenario
- Lay out the desired actions the learners should take
- Show plausible alternative paths for the scenario





*Rapunzel by  
Gabrielle  
Meguerdichian*



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# Tips and Tricks

# Thank you!

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